

**MATRIX INDICATING AFRICAN COUNTRIES THAT HAVE SUBMITTED PAPERS WITH REGARD TO
ARTICLE 76 OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA**

NAIROBI CONVENTION COUNTRIES

Countries	UNCLOS ratification (dd/mm/yyyy)	Territorial Sea	Contiguous Zone	EEZ	Fisheries Zone	Continental Shelf (Parties to 1982 convention)		Does the UNCLOS legislation provide straight baselines?	Does the State claim Archipelagic status
						Party to	Outer Limit		
			Breadth of the Zone in Nautical Miles						
Comoros	21/06/1994	12	-	200	-	1982	N/A	-	YES
Kenya	02/03/1989	12	-	200	-	1982	N/A	YES	-
Madagascar	22/08/2001	12	24	200	-	1982	200	YES	-
Mauritius	04/11/1994	12	24	200	-	1982	CM/200	YES	-
Mozambique	13/03/1997	12	24	200	-	1982	CM/200	YES	-
Reunion(France)	11/04/1996	12	24	200	-	1982	200m/EXPL	YES	-
Seychelles	16/09/1991	12	24	200	-	1982	CM/200	-	YES
South Africa	23/12/1997	12	24	200	-	1982	CM/200	YES	-
Somalia	24/07/1989	200	-	-	-	1982	N/A	YES	-
Tanzania	30/09/1985	12	-	200	-	1982	N/A	-	-

Footnotes:

N/A: No information regarding current legislation is available.

CM/200: Outer edge of the continental margin or to 200 nautical miles where the outer edge does not extend to that distance.

CM: Outer edge of the continental margin.

Outer Limit: The number reflects a claim regarding the breadth of the zone in nautical miles as contained in national legislation – regardless whether this legislation contains an additional specific reference to the need of delimitation of maritime boundaries with adjacent or opposite states.

Straight baselines: Includes straight baselines across the mouths of rivers and across the mouths of bays.

Archipelagic status: The geographical coordinates of points for drawing the archipelagic may not yet have been necessarily established by the state concerned.

200m: Depth of 200m

EXPL: Depth of Exploitability.

EEZ – Economic Exclusive Zone